## POULTRY EXAM TARLETON STATE INVITATIONAL 2019

2. What is the name of the storage device that is within the house to contain wastes, in liquid and slurry form, for a specific time period and is described as being 2 to 6 feet in depth?  a. settling tanks b. floor storage c. in-house pits d. dry-stack storage  3. Except for very young birds and/or very cold weather, control is one of the primary goals of ventilation. a. temperature b. air quality c. humidity d. rodent  4. The two shell membranes are formed in which part of the oviduct? a. magnum b. veterinary laboratory technic c. Veterinary anatomist d. Veterinary anatomist d. Veterinary inspector b. Numida meleagris c. Streptopela deciiens d. Columba Livia  10. On turkey breeder farms, birds are sex separate until what age? a. 10-12 weeks b. 16-20 weeks c. 22-24 weeks d. 25-30 weeks  11. Which hormone stimulates broodir laying hen? a. follicle stimulating hormone (Eh) Luteinizing hormone (LH) c. oxytocin d. prolactin  2. Which of the following is a poultry ir occupation related to social service a. Veterinary anatomist d. Veterinary inspector b. Numida meleagris c. Streptopela deciiens d. Columba Livia  10. On turkey breeder farms, birds are sex separate until what age? a. 10-12 weeks b. 16-20 weeks c. 22-24 weeks d. 25-30 weeks 11. Which hormone stimulates broodir laying hen? a. follicle stimulating hormone (Eh) c. oxytocin d. prolactin  2. Which of the following is not a function of air through the l b. gaseous exchange c. ricrulation of air through the l b. gaseous exchange c. reserve supply of air d. lower the specific time c. Veterinary anatomist d.	system
d. dry-stack storage  a. Anas platyrhynchos b. Numida meleagris c. Streptopela deciiens c. Streptopela deciiens d. Columba Livia primary goals of ventilation. a. temperature b. air quality c. humidity d. rodent c. humidity d. rodent b. vagina c. isthmus d. uterus  5. If the rose comb gene is (P), what type of comb will a chicken have if its genes are RrPp? a. Rose comb b. Pea comb c. Walnut comb d. Single comb  a. Anas platyrhynchos b. Numida meleagris c. Streptopela deciiens c. Streptopela deciiens d. Columba Livia productiens d. C	ces? ician
<ul> <li>3. Except for very young birds and/or very cold weather,control is one of the primary goals of ventilation. <ul> <li>a. temperature</li> <li>b. air quality</li> <li>c. humidity</li> <li>d. rodent</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. The two shell membranes are formed in which part of the oviduct? <ul> <li>a. magnum</li> <li>b. vagina</li> <li>c. isthmus</li> <li>d. uterus</li> </ul> </li> <li>5. If the rose comb gene is (R) and the pea comb gene is (P), what type of comb will a chicken have if its genes are RrPp? <ul> <li>a. Rose comb</li> <li>b. Pea comb</li> <li>c. Walnut comb</li> <li>d. Columba Livia</li> <li>sex separate until what age? <ul> <li>a. 10-12 weeks</li> <li>b. 16-20 weeks</li> <li>c. 22-24 weeks</li> <li>d. 25-30 weeks</li> </ul> </li> <li>d. 25-30 weeks</li> <li>d. 25</li></ul></li></ul>	ve?
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a. Rose comb birds air sacs? b. Pea comb a. circulation of air through the I c. Walnut comb b. gaseous exchange c. reserve supply of air	
1 2 3 .	e lung
6. The 3 major components of biosecurity birds include all of the following except?	
a. Enforcement b. Isolation c. Traffic Control d. Sanitation  13are single-cell organism a. bacteria b. viruses c. ectoparasites d. pathogens	ms.

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14.	By what day of incubation are all muscles that will be in an adult chicken in place?  a. 5  b. IO  c. 18  d. 21	20.	Two reasons why white feathered birds are preferred over dark feathered birds are because they are easier to pick and  a. less oil residue b. don't leave dark spots on the carcass
	Which federal agency is a cooperative effort between two USDA agencies and the American Association of Veterinary Laboratory Diagnosticians?  a. National Veterinary Services Laboratories b. Food and Drug Administration c. Animal (Veterinary) Drugs d. National Animal Health Laboratory Network		c. easier for clean up d. have short feathers  A poultry house using tunnel ventilation setups typically operate at static pressure ranging from 0.04 to inches when measure at the center of the house . a. 0.15 b. 0.16 c. 0.17 d. 0.18
16.	Which of the following poultry diseases is caused by the ingestion of moldy feed and lowers the birds productivity?  a. Infectious coryza  b. Bumblefoot  c. Coccidiosis  d. Mycotoxicois		Which of the following is not a function of the skeletal system?  a. locomotion b. respiration c. impact support d. protection of internal organs  What other animal would "do well" on a
17.	In poultry processing, the heavier birds are typically used for what market?  a. further processing b. fast food c. tray pack d. parts		poultry feed (low roughage & high concentrate)?  a. swine b. cattle c. horse d. sheep
18.	The integumentary system is made up of all of the following except:  a. feathers b. epidermis c. dermis d. muscles	24.	In which decade(s) did vertical integration in the poultry industry begin to take shape?  a. 1930s  b. 1940s - 1950s  c. 1960s  d. 1970s - 1980s
19.	A turkey carcass with I broken wing bone that is protruding through the skin should be given a USDA grade of  a. A b. B c. C d. NG	25.	Which of the following is not a common way of disposing of dead birds?  a. composting b. piling c. incinerating d. rendering

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Grower Sam has a broiler flock of 25,000 birds. On day 42, these birds were loaded and transported to the processing plant. It was determined that these birds had an average weight of 6.7 lbs and a feed conversion ratio of 1.81. After processing, it was determined that the average carcass weight was 5.4 lbs, which yielded on average of 1.98 lbs of breast meat. From the carcass, tenders were further processed at the company's Research and Development lab to be sold to fast food restaurants. Tenders that weighed equal to or less than 0.23 lbs could be cooked at 350'F and be done in 7.5 minutes. Tenders that weighed more than 0.23 lbs could be cooked at 350'F and be done in 9.5 minutes. A typical batch consisted of 50 tenders. For uniform cooking, this meant that all tenders larger than 0.23 lbs had to be trimmed down. 13,350 tenders had to be trimmed down. The average amount of meat that was trimmed and rendered from each tender was 0.03 lbs. Tenders were sold at \$3.99/lbs.

Use the paragraph above to answer questions 26 - 30.

- 26. What was the average feed consumption per a bird for this flock of broilers?
  - a. 11.32 lbs
  - b. 12.01 lbs
  - c. 12.13 lbs
  - d. 12.29 lbs
- 27. What was the average breast yield per carcass?
  - a. .30
  - b. .37
  - c. .39
  - d. .42
- 28. What percent of tenders had to be trimmed? (Remember: 2 pectoralis minor muscles per a carcass)
  - a. 26.7%
  - b. 27.6%
  - c. 52.4%
  - d. 53.4%
- 29. What was the approximate total amount of meat trimmed and rendered from the tenders?
  - a. 200.3 lbs
  - b. 352.8 lbs
  - c. 400.5 lbs
  - d. 420.0 lbs
- 30. How much money was lost from lack of uniformity?
  - a. \$1568.10
  - b. \$1576.88
  - c. \$1581.98
  - d. \$1598.00