# 2019 Tarleton State University Invitational Veterinary Science Exam

1.	Which of the following is not a disease that affects dogs?  A. Black Leg
	B. Distemper
	C. Hepatitis
	D. Rabies
2.	In vivo vaccination involves injecting the vaccine into the
	A. pullet
	B. embryo in the egg
	C. hen's uterus
	D. newborn chick
3.	To prevent inhaling gas when you are monitoring anesthesia, it is best for you to stand:  A. Away from the patient's head.
	B. Outside of the room.
	C. Anywhere in the room.
	D. Close to the patient's head.
4.	A newborn chicken:
	A. Broiler
	B. Chick
	C. Cockerel
	D. Pullet
5.	When a patient is having an ovariohysterectomy performed, the patient is placed in recumbency.
	A. Dorsal
	B. Ventral
	C. Lateral
	D. Sternal
6.	What is the main difference between the testes of mammals and the testes of poultry?
	A. Mammals have one testicle.  P. The testes of poultry do not descend out of the abdominal againty.
	B. The testes of poultry do not descend out of the abdominal cavity.
	C. The testes of mammals do not descend out of the abdominal cavity.

D. Poultry have one testicle.

A. LeechB. Rice

7. The roundworm is often described as looking like:

C. Spaghetti
D. Flake
8. What are the percentages of cells and plasma in blood?
A. 50% and 50%, respectively
B. 30% and 70%, respectively
C. 60% and 40%, respectively
D. 40% and 60%, respectively
9. Diseases that can be transmitted to humans are known as:
A. Malignant
B. Zoonotic
C. Benign
D. Contagious
10. A mature female of the galline species:
A. Hen
B. Ewe
C. Sow
D. Gilt
11. The cardiovascular system is composed of:
A. heart, lungs and kidneys
B. heart and lungs
C. lungs and trachea
D. heart and blood vessels
Dr Houre and Grood Vessels
12. What is cryptorchidism?
A. Process by which sperm are produced by the male.
B. Sterile female calf born twin to a male calf.
C. Condition in which one or both testicles remain in the body cavity.
D. Causes destruction of the cotyledons of the uterus.
13. Which of the following bedding materials is most commonly used in the small animal
clinic?
A. Pine Shavings
B. Straw
C. Blankets and Towels
D. Newspaper

14. Which of the following are the "ABC's" of cardiopulmonary resuscitation?
A. Airway, Breathing, Compression
B. Always Breath Continuously
C. Airway, Breathing, Circulation
D. Airway, Bleeding, Compression
15. A normal capillary refill time (CRT) is:
A. 1-2 seconds
B. 4-5 seconds
C. 3-4 seconds
D. 5+ seconds
16. Which of the following situations would be considered an emergency?
A. Flea Prevention
B. Annual Check-Up
C. Runny Stool
D. Urinary Blockage
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17. What type of connective tissue connects muscles to bones?  A. blood
B. cartilage C. tendon
D. ligament
18. The veterinarian is explaining to Sally's owner how she will be spayed. Spay is defined
as:
A. Swelling and inflammation
B. Substance that induces an immune response
C. Allergic response
D. The common term for removal of female reproductive organs
19. The Occupational Safety and Health Act ofestablished the Occupational Safety and
Health Administration in the Department of Labor.
A. 1970
B. 1972
C. 1971
D. 1969
20. Which of the following needles has the smallest bore?
A. 16 gauge
B. 21 gauge
C. 25 gauge
D. 20 gauge

- 21. What is the common percentage of Brahman and British breeds in American cattle?
  - A. 3/5, 2/5 cross
  - B. 3/8, 5/8 cross
  - C. 1/3, 2/3 cross
  - D. 3/7, 4/7 cross
- 22. Which of the following animals would be classified as a Hound Breed?
  - A. Dachshund
  - B. French Bulldog
  - C. Cocker Spaniel
  - D. Chihuahua
- 23. A good rule to follow when restraining animals for veterinary care is:
  - A. Never use ropes when restraining animals.
  - B. Always apply the same amount of restraint: that which is usually tolerated by a member of the species being handled.
  - C. Apply the minimum effective amount of restraint that will keep the animal and personnel safe.
  - D. Apply the maximum amount of restraint possible to ensure the safety of all involved.
- 24. How long is a dog in estrus?
  - A. exactly 15 days
  - B. between 7 28 days with a mean of 11 days.
  - C. between 4 21 days with a mean of 9 days
  - D. exactly 6 days.
- 25. The term that means of, or relating to poultry:
  - A. Equine
  - B. Porcine
  - C. Galline
  - D. Feline
- 26. If an animal was suffering from anaphylactic shock, it would be
  - A. Slippery white film
  - B. Minerals in the blood stream
  - C. An exaggerated allergic response
  - D. Proteins produced by lymph system

27. Most surgical instruments are manufactured from	
A. Stainless steel	
B. Copper	
C. Lead	
D. Aluminum	
28. When in the heart, heartworms congregate in the:	
A. Left ventricle	
B. Right atrium	
C. Left atrium	
D. Right ventricle	
29. Which artery supplies blood to the head?	
A. mesenteric	
B. renal	
C. iliac	
D. carotid	
D. Carona	
30. A dog that licks his feet, rubs his face, or scratches behind his elbows may be showing signs of:	
A. Fatigue	
B. Allergy	
C. Boredom	
D. Hunger	
31. Proper protective equipment (PPE) sometimes includes a dosimeter. This is:	
A. A device that keeps animals from biting you.	
B. Something that covers your face while working with animals.	
C. A device that measures the amount of radiation someone is exposed to when	
performing radiology.	
D. Lead gloves	
32. To remove a tick you should:	
A. Pour alcohol on the tick, then pull it off	
B. Use tweezers to grasp the head and pull straight out	
C. Cut the tick off with a knife	
D. Use a match to burn the tick off	
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33. Bone Marrow produces:	
A. spongy bone	
B. calcium and phosphorus	
C. periosteum	
D. blood cells	

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34. Which of the following needles would most commonly be used for canine vaccinations?
A. 25 gauge
B. 16 gauge
C. 21 gauge
D. 20 gauge
35. 1000 mg = g
A. 1
B001
C01
D. 10
36. Which breed of dog is less likely to cause human allergies?
A. Heelers
B. Chows
C. Schnauzers
D. Spaniels
37. A vet diagnosed Bill's lamb with dyspnea. What does this mean?

- A. The lamb has difficulty breathing.
- B. The lamb has bluish discoloring of its skin.
- C. The lamb has abnormal heart sounds.
- D. The lamb has normal breathing.
- 38. The five types of white blood cells are:
  - A. Neutrophil, erythrophil, leukocyte, basophil, eosinophil
  - B. Eosinophil, basophil, neutrophil, lymphocyte, monocyte
  - C. Neutrophil, basophil, eosinophil, granulocytes, acanthocyte
  - D. Thrombocyte, monocyte, neutrophil, lymphocyte, eosinophil
- 39. What is a freemartin?
  - A. Sterile female calf born twin to a male calf.
  - B. Process by which ova are produced by the female.
  - C. Respiratory viral disease that causes infertility.
  - D. Condition in which one or both testicles remain the body cavity.
- 40. What are the primary functions of the hormones that the ovaries produce?
  - A. Sexual behavior and maintenance of pregnancy.
  - B. To give a deeper voice and more defined muscles.
  - C. To maintain weight and pregnancy.
  - D. To give secondary male characteristics and maintain weight gain.

- 48. A female of the equine species that is four years of age or older:
  - A. Colt
  - B. Stud
  - C. Mare
  - D. Foal

### 49. Pericardium is:

- A. The muscular layer of the heart wall.
- B. A thin layer that lines the surface of the heart.
- C. The fibrous sac that encloses the heart.
- D. A thin layer that lines the inside of the heart.

### 50. What is oogenesis?

- A. Condition in which one or both testicles remain in the body cavity.
- B. Causes destruction of the cotyledons of the uterus.
- C. Process by which ova are produced by the female.
- D. Process by which sperm are produced by the male.