Tarleton State University 2022 Invitational CDE Livestock Exam

1.	Which Medium Wool breed of sheep has a white face? A. Suffolk B. Dorset C. Hampshire D. Shropshire	7.	Which trait has the highest heritability estimate in cattle? A. Weaning weight B. Fertility C. Number of young weaned D. Post weaning rate of gain
2.	Which breed of white colored swine originated in Pennsylvania? A. Chester White B. American Landrace C. Yorkshire D. Large Whites	8.	Which breed of swine does not have a predominant red color? A. Tamworth B. Poland China C. Hereford D. Duroc
3.	is the practice of feeding a ration for ten days to two weeks before breeding. A. Rationing B. Culling C. Flushing D. Waiting	9.	The feed component containing the most easily digested carbohydrates is the: A. Nitrogen free extract B. Minerals C. Amino acids D. Crude Fiber
4.	Which of the following breeds of cattle is NOT primarily white to gray in color? A. Chianina B. White Park C. Charolais D. Limousin	10.	The breed of sheep noted for producing a 200 to 250 percent lamb crop: A. Southdown B. Leicester C. Finnsheep D. Delaine Merino
5.	The majority of medium wool breeds of sheep originated in: A. United States B. Scotland C. Australia D. England	11.	Which trait for swine has the lowest heritability estimate? A. Carcass length B. Percent ham C. Litter size D. Loin muscle area
6.	The average daily gain for growing cattle on full feed. A. 1 lb./day B. 3 lb./day C. 5 lb./day D. 10 lb./day	12.	Fats and oils provide times more energy than do carbohydrates, A. 2.25 B. 5.5 C. 10 D. 100

Tarleton State University 2022 Invitational CDE Livestock Exam

- 13. Which production trait in swine is not increased when crossing with a purebred sow?
 - A. Feed/gain ratio
 - B. Days to 250 pounds
 - C. Litter size weaned
 - D. Conception rate
- 14. Fat present in muscle tissue is known as:
 - A. Finish
 - B. Marbling
 - C. Tallow
 - D. Condition
- 15. The removal of all or part of the tail from sheep is referred to as:
 - A. Docking
 - B. Notching
 - C. Castration
 - D. Dehorning
- 16. What is the most important nutrient in a swine ration?
 - A. Roughage
 - B. Water
 - C. Corn
 - D. Soybean meal
- 17. Organic compounds, which are building blocks in the formation of proteins, are:
 - A. Glycogens
 - B. Chromosomes
 - C. Fat-soluble vitamins
 - D. Amino acids
- 18. Which livestock product has the highest consumption rate in the United States?
 - A. Goat
 - B. Lamb
 - C. Beef
 - D. Pork

- 19. A swine nutritional health problem caused by lack of iron in the diet.
 - A. Anemia
 - B. Hypoglycemia
 - C. Parakeratosis
 - D. Rickets
- 20. Which of the following vitamins is in the category of water-soluble?
 - A. Vitamin A
 - B. Vitamin D
 - C. Vitamin E
 - D. Vitamin B
- 21. The normal body temperature of cattle is:
 - A. 98.6°F
 - B. 101.5°F
 - C. 100.1°F
 - D. 104.6°F
- 22. The most common classification of sheep is by:
 - A. Origin
 - B. Carcass type
 - C. Type of wool
 - D. Birth numbers
- 23. Goat meat is marketed under the name:
 - A. Mutton
 - B. Veal
 - C. Chevon
 - D. Venison
- 24. An impairment that affects the performance of the vital life functions.
 - A. Disease
 - B. Parasite
 - C. Protozoa
 - D. Metabolism
- 25. The most important wholesale cut of lamb
 - is:
 - A. Rib
 - B. Foreshank
 - C. Shoulder
 - D. Leg